IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

PHIL PAUL, on behalf of himself : and all others similarly : situated. :

Plaintiffs,

: CONSOLIDATED

v. : Civil Action No. 05-485-JJF

INTEL CORPORATION,

Defendant. :

MEMORANDUM ORDER

Pending before the Court is the Qualified Rule 53(q) Objection To The Special Master's Report And Recommendations Regarding Proposed Protective Order (D.I. 166) filed by Plaintiff Advanced Microdevices, Inc., AMD International Sales & Services, Ltd. ("AMD") and the Class Plaintiffs. Specifically, AMD and the Class Plaintiffs contend that the proposed Protective Order should expressly require parties wishing to maintain a confidentiality designation to show that disclosure would cause it "clearly defined and serious injury" as set forth by the Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit in Shingara v. Skiles, 420 F.3d 301, 306 (3d Cir. 2005) and Pansy v. Borough of Stroudsburg, 23 F.3d 772, 786 (3d Cir. 1994). AMD and the Class Plaintiffs contend that as currently written the proposed Protective Order would allow parties to claim confidentiality forever over documents falling within provisions R.1 through R.8 without ever having to make any showing of harm. Thus, AMD and the Class

Plaintiffs seek to add the following italicized language to Paragraph 16(c) of the proposed Protective Order:

In any proceeding on such an application, the Producing Party will bear the burden to demonstrate that the designated Discovery Material qualifies as Confidential Discovery Material under Paragraph R and that its disclosure would cause it clearly defined and serious injury.

Alternatively, AMD contends that the preamble to Paragraph M could be amended to add the following italicized language:

"Confidential Discovery Material" means any Discovery Material the disclosure of which would cause the Producing Party cleared defined and serious injury consisting of or containing information falling into any of the following categories . . .

In response, Defendants Intel Corporation and Intel
Kabushiki Kaisha ("Intel") contend that an amendment to the
proposed Protective Order is not required. (D.I. 168.) Intel
points out that the parties and numerous third parties engaged in
substantial negotiations and briefing concerning the proposed
Protective Order culminating in a 117-page opinion by the Special
Master which attempted to resolve the objections of the parties
and non-parties and reach certain compromises. Intel contends
that those third parties have not been afforded an opportunity to
comment on AMD and the Class Plaintiffs' current objection.
Because no specific document dispute has been presented to the
Court, Intel also contends that any order interpreting the
Special Master's intent and providing for future guidelines as to
the application of the Protective Order would be an inappropriate

advisory opinion.

In a letter dated July 11, 2006, the Special Master considered AMD's concerns and stated that he did not read the proposed Protective Order to create the situational difficulties that AMD described. The Special Master stated:

The provisions of the proposed protective order would not permit a challenged document to be afforded confidential treatment "forever" merely because it comes within one of the "buckets" of definitions in former Paragraph R. Rather, the provisions of both Paragraph 3 and 16 make clear that the Receiving Party may challenge a "confidential" designation, and that the Producing Party's initial designation may be altered by agreement of the parties or by Order of the Court, in accordance with then prevailing law.

(D.I. 164.)

The Court has considered the parties' arguments concerning

AMD and the Class Plaintiff's objection and concludes that a

modification of the proposed Protective Order is unwarranted. As

Intel has noted, there is no particular confidentiality challenge
before the Court at this time, and the Court is persuaded that
any interpretation and/or modification of the proposed Protective

Order at this time would be premature, in the nature of an
advisory opinion, and fundamentally unfair to those third parties
who vigorously participated in the drafting of the proposed

Protective Order, and who at this time, have no means of
commenting on AMD and the Class Plaintiffs' objection. As it now
stands, the proposed Protective Order provides a mechanism for
challenging confidential designations while preserving a flexible

approach to such challenges consistent with Third Circuit case law, and the Court will not interfere with that flexibility by making modifications or requiring certain interpretations in the absence of a specific and viable dispute. Shingara, 420 F.3d at 306 (although "good cause" justifying a protective order requires a showing that disclosure will result in "clearly defined, specific and serious injury," that determination is based upon the balancing of numerous factors regarding the public interest and the interests of the parties). Accordingly, the Court will overrule AMD and the Class Plaintiffs' Objection and adopt the proposed Protective Order as drafted by the Special Master.

NOW THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that

- 1. The Qualified Rule 53(g) Objection To The Special Master's Report And Recommendations Regarding Proposed Protective Order (D.I. 166) filed by Plaintiff Advanced Microdevices, Inc., AMD International Sales & Services, Ltd. is OVERRULED.
- 2. The proposed Protective Order crafted by the Special Master is <u>ADOPTED</u> by the Court.

September 26, 2006 Date

NITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE